

I-Guide

Intelligent Guide Robot

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Advisors:

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Sponsored By:
Northrop Grumman

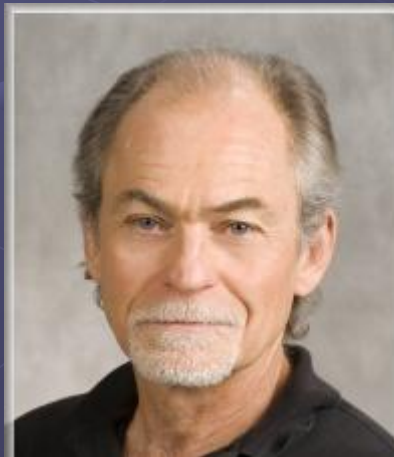
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Presentation Overview

- Project Summary
- Topological Decomposition
- Goals & Requirements
- System Block Diagram
- Hardware Overview
- Software Suites
- Software Flowcharts
- FCRAR

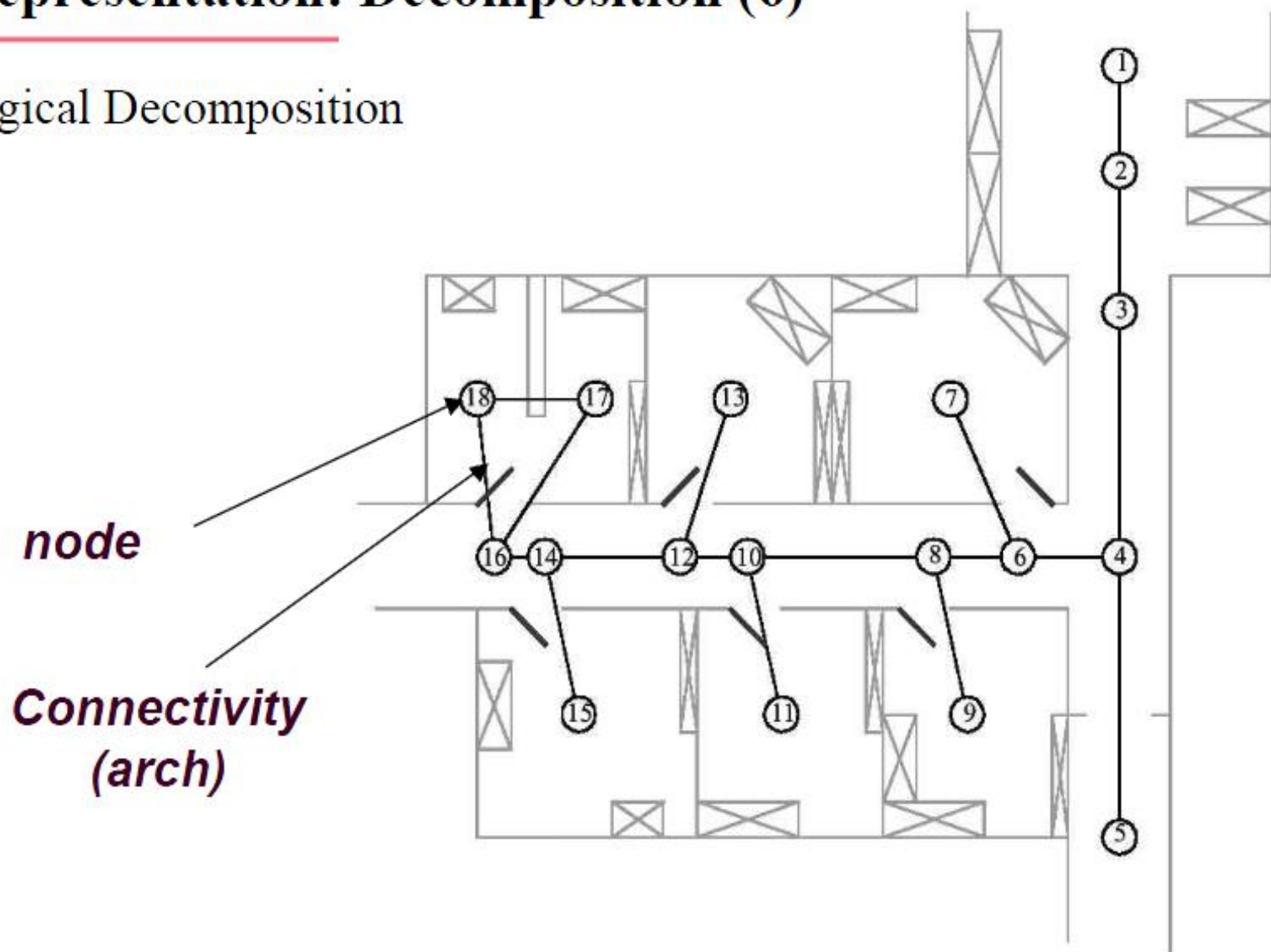
Project Summary

- Autonomous Tour Robot – Pioneer 3
- 2nd and 3rd floor of ECE Department
- Utilize Elevator
- Localization - Barcodes
- Navigation – Topological Decomposition



Map Representation: Decomposition (6)

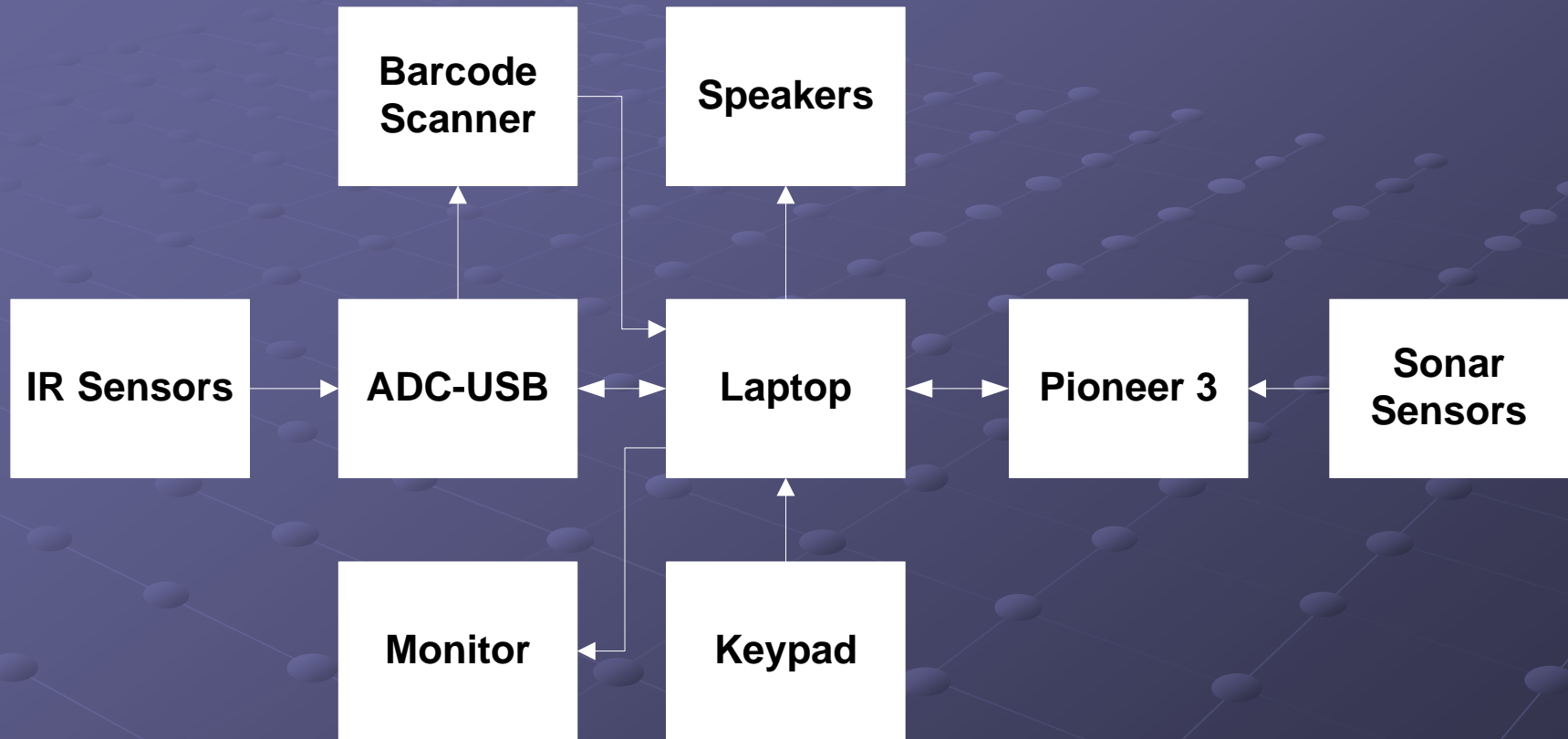
- Topological Decomposition



Project Goals Drive Functional Requirements

- Successfully Navigate ECE Department
 - 3 floor tour options or 28 locations
 - Locate waypoints within a 4' radius
- React in a 'Human-like' Manner
 - Avoid all obstacles → humans avoid obstacles
 - Software loop time → human reaction time
 - Transit speed → human walking speed

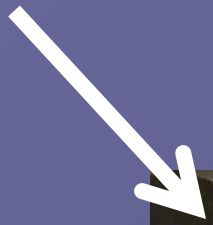
System Block Diagram



Pioneer 3



Laptop



Keypad*



Speakers*



Bump Sensors*



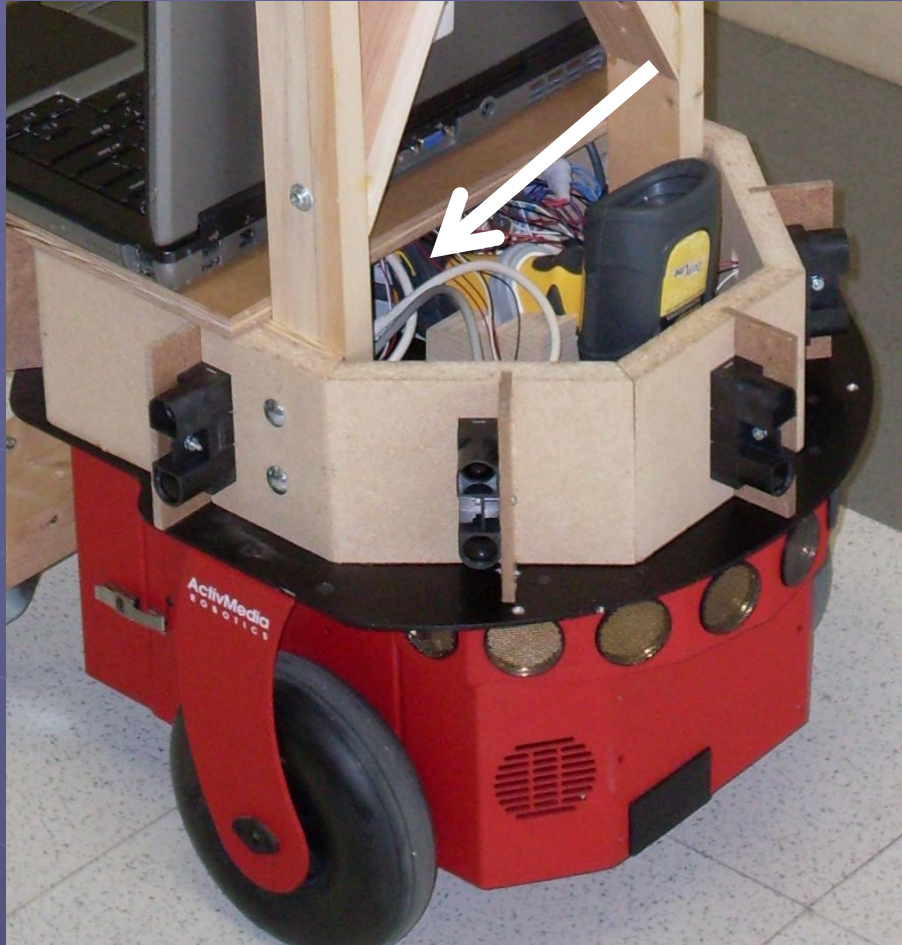
Monitor



Barcode Scanner



ADC-USB



Ultrasonic Sensors



Infrared Sensors



Pioneer 3

- Basic Platform
- Serial Port Communication
- Sonar Sensor Bank
- Dead Reckoning



Barcode Scanner

- Triggered via USB to ADC
- Reads Barcodes from the Ceiling
- Read Range up to 17 feet
- Powered via Laptop



Barcode



ADC to USB

- 11 Analog Inputs – 10 bit resolution
- 1 Digital Output
- Driver in C
- Powered via Laptop

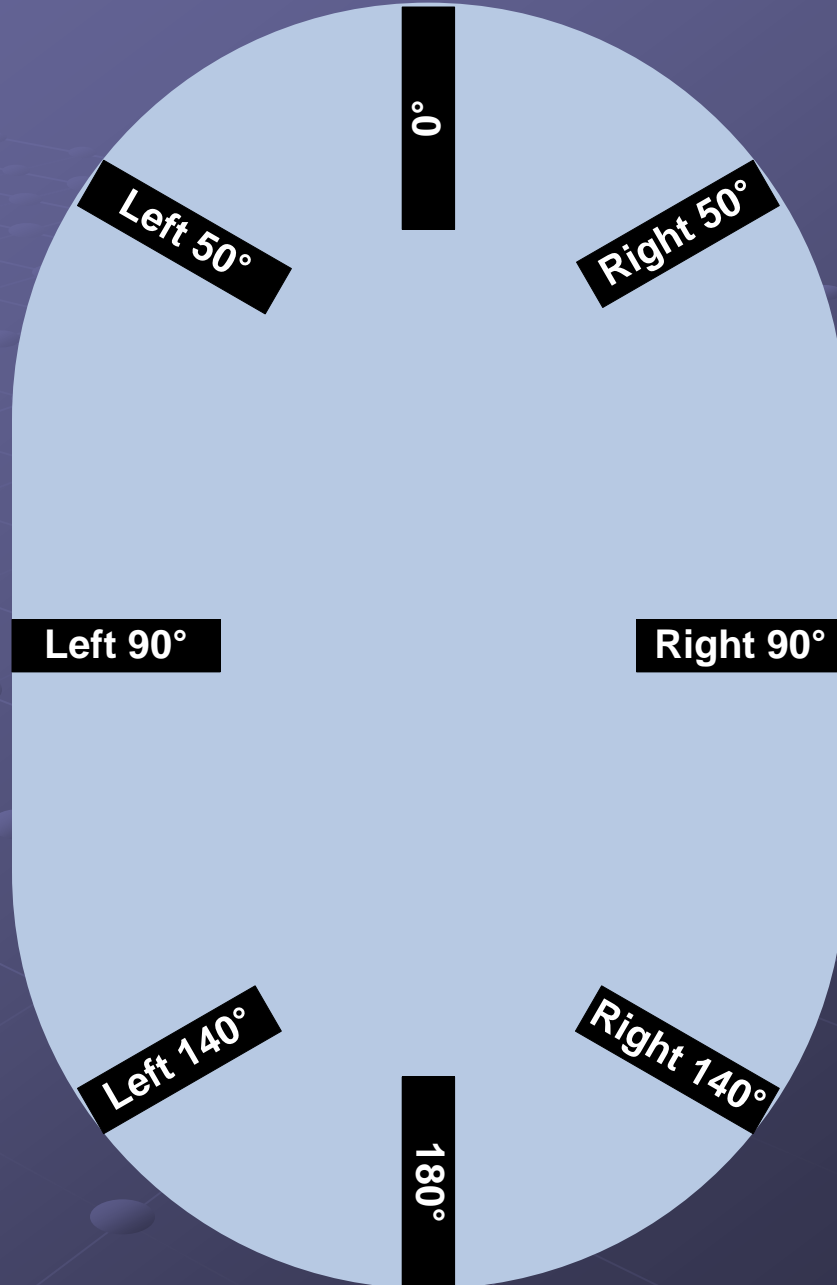


IR Sensors

- Range: 3.2ft – 18ft
- Works in ambient light
- Powered by Pioneer 3 Batteries
- Analog Voltage Output

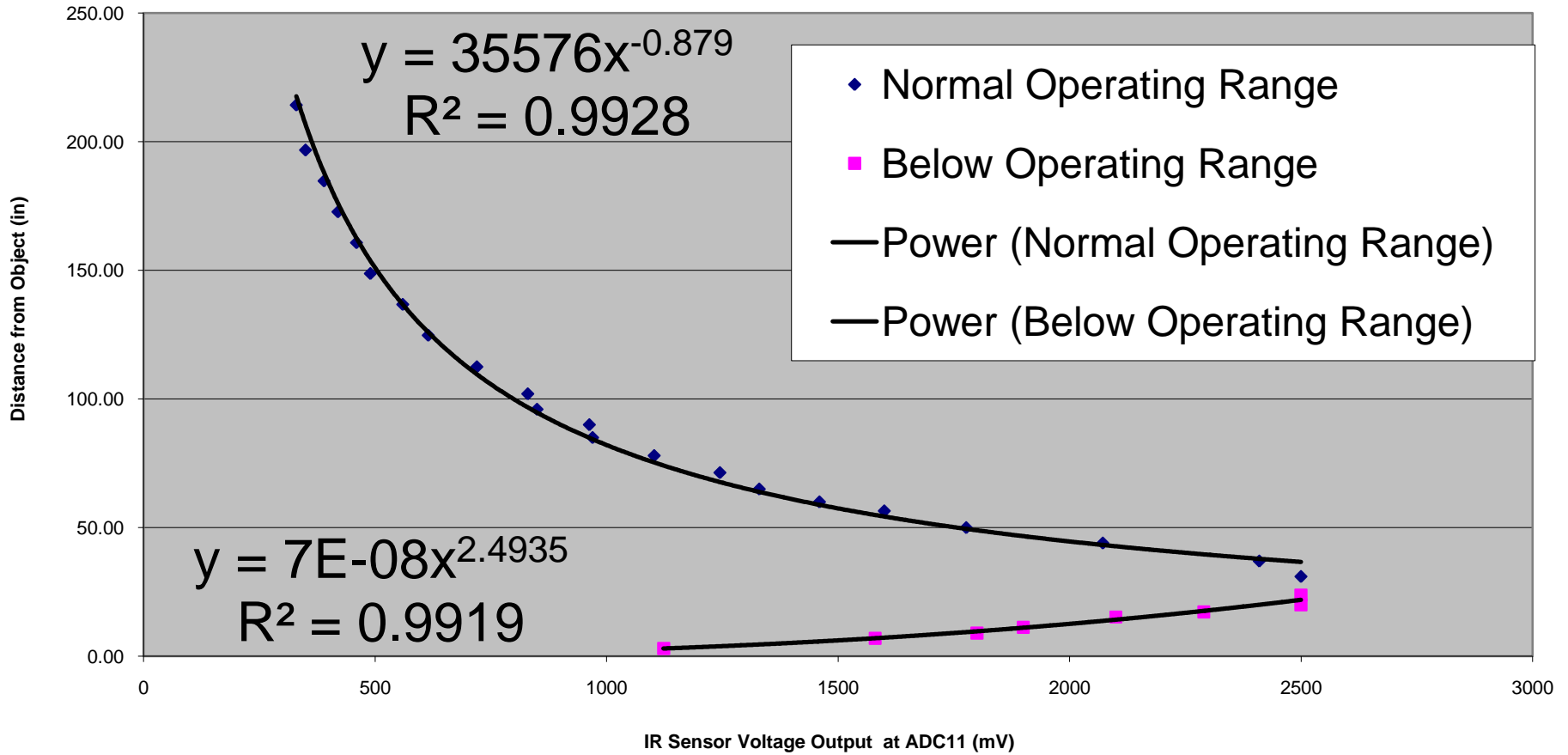


FRONT



Voltage to Millimeter Conversion

IR Sensor Voltage Reading at ADC11 vs Distance



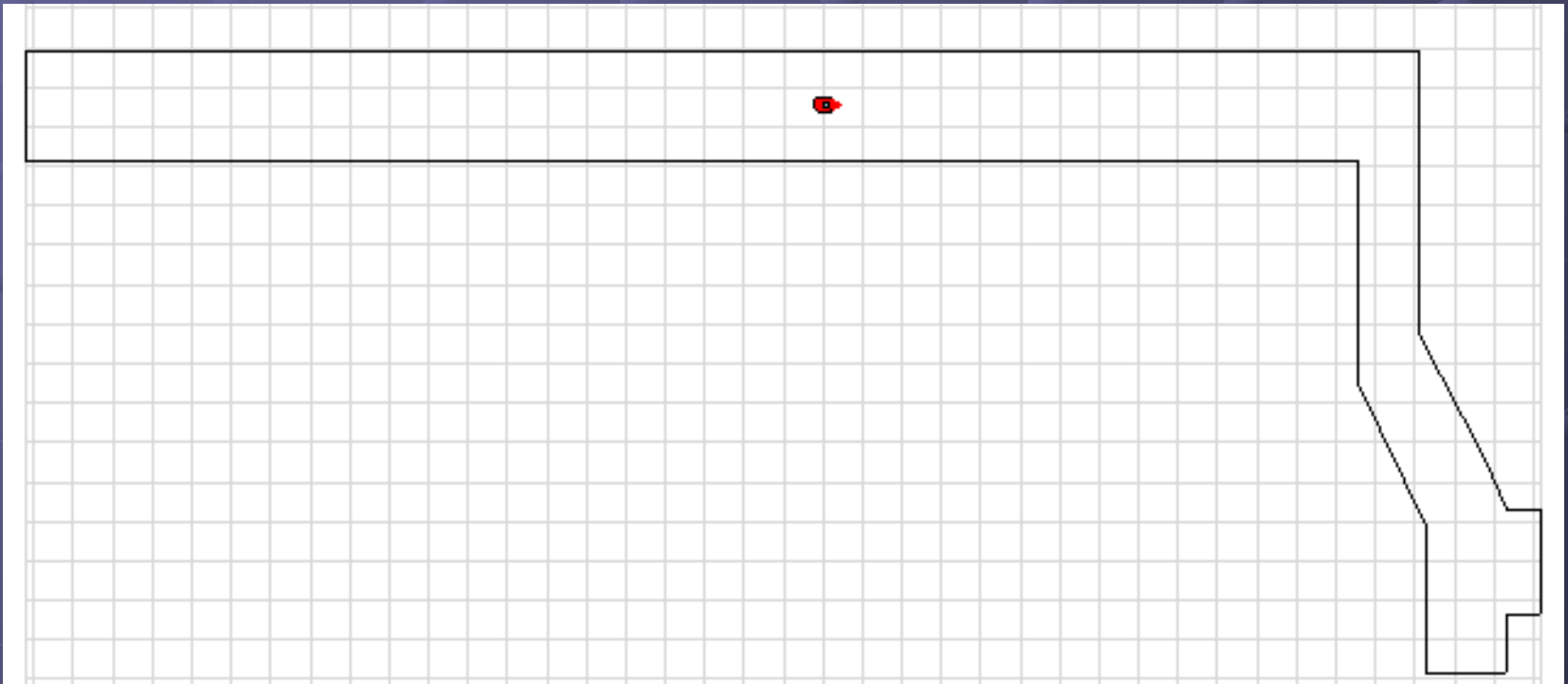
Kiosk Monitor

- Overvoltage Protection Circuitry
- Operating Range 8 – 13.2 VDC
- Powered via Pioneer 3 Batteries



Software Suites

- Microsoft Visual Studio
- Aria MobileSim



Initialization

- Robot Initialization
- ADC-USB Initialization
- Software Logging
- Calibration Module



Calibration

Law of cosines: $C^2 = A^2 + B^2 - 2AB \cos(\alpha)$

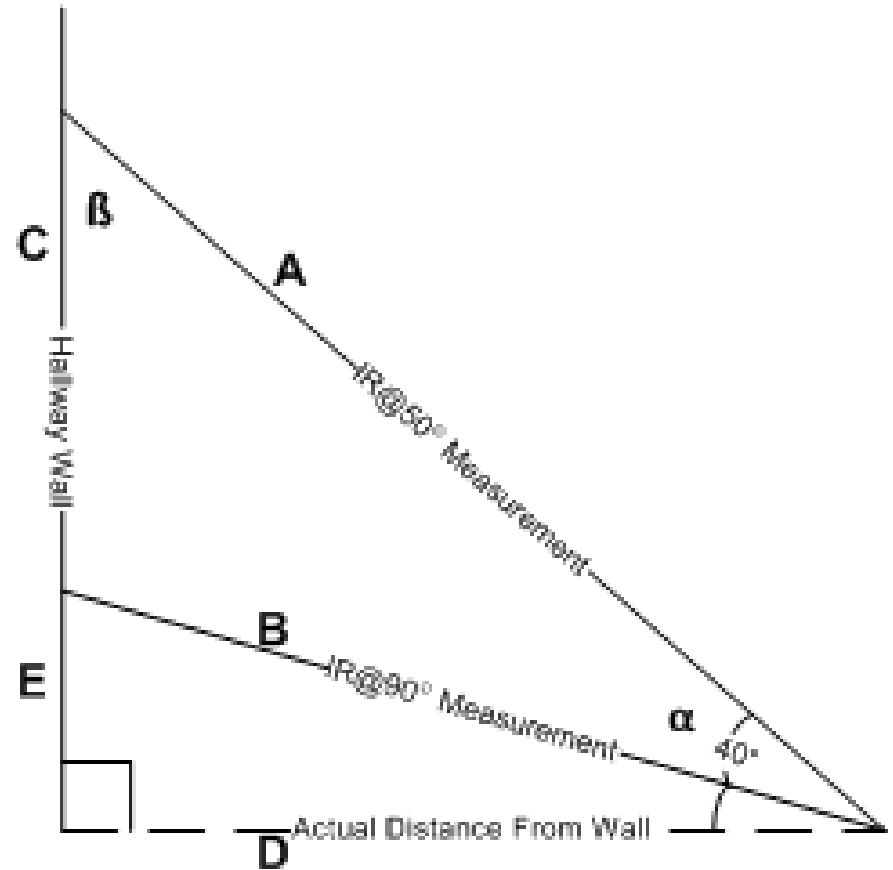
Law of cosines: $\cos(\beta) = \frac{A^2 + C^2 - B^2}{2AC}$

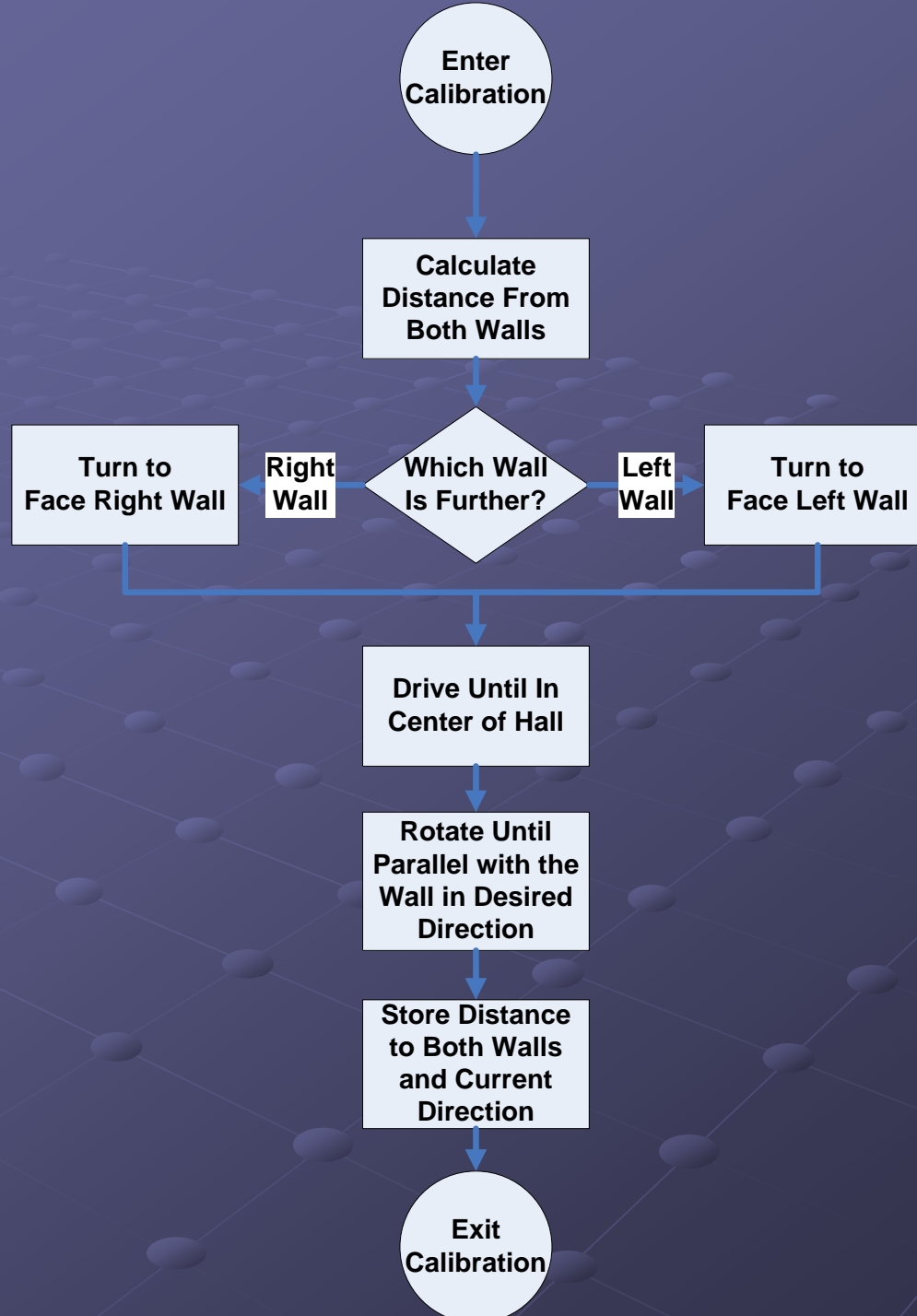
Law of sines: $\frac{\sin(\beta)}{D} = \frac{\sin(90^\circ)}{A}$

$A \sin\left(\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{A^2 + C^2 - B^2}{2AC}\right)\right) = D$

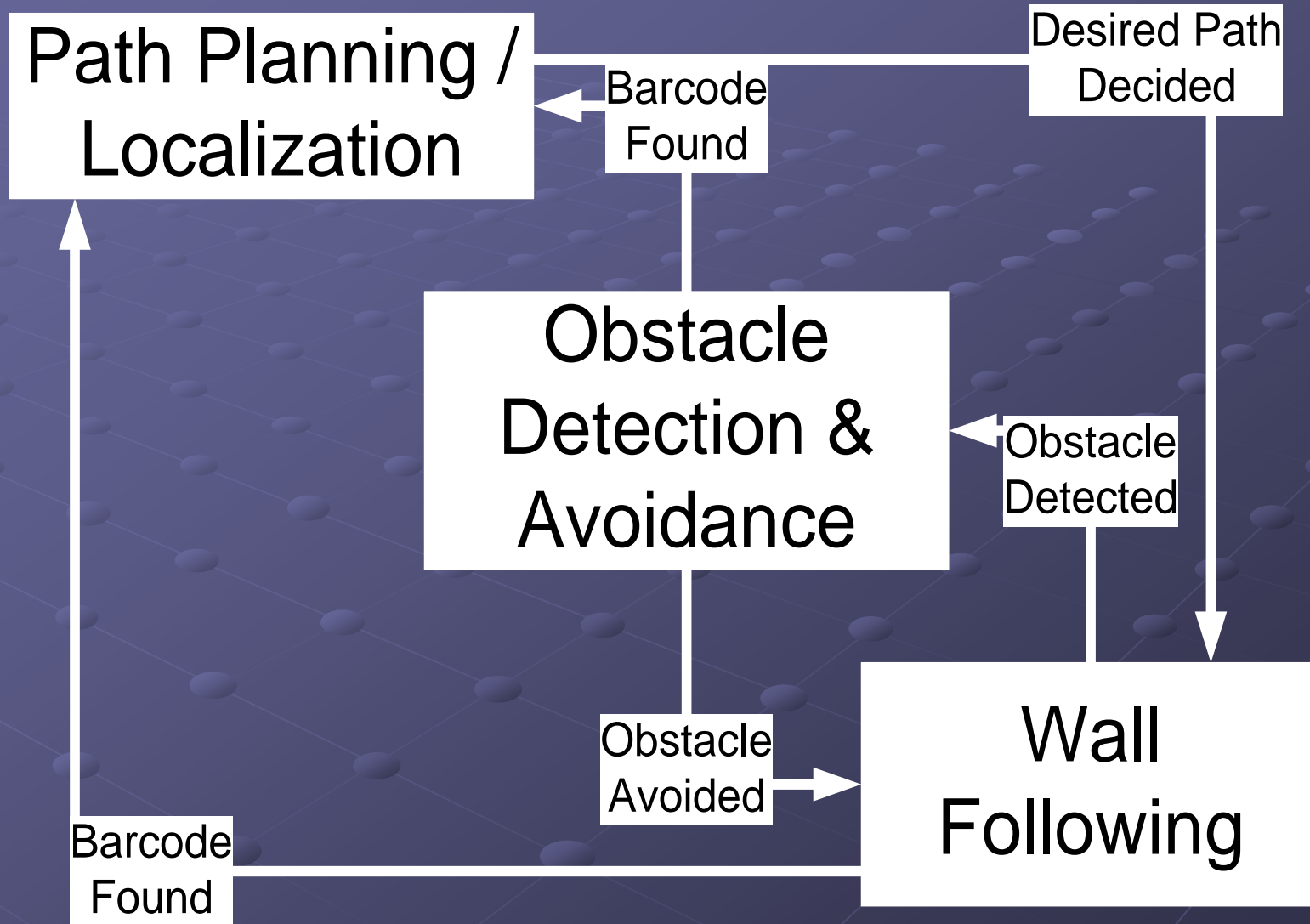
Reduced Form: $A \left(\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{A^2 + C^2 - B^2}{2AC}\right)^2} \right) = D$

Angle from Parallel: $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{A}{D}\right)$ (in radians)



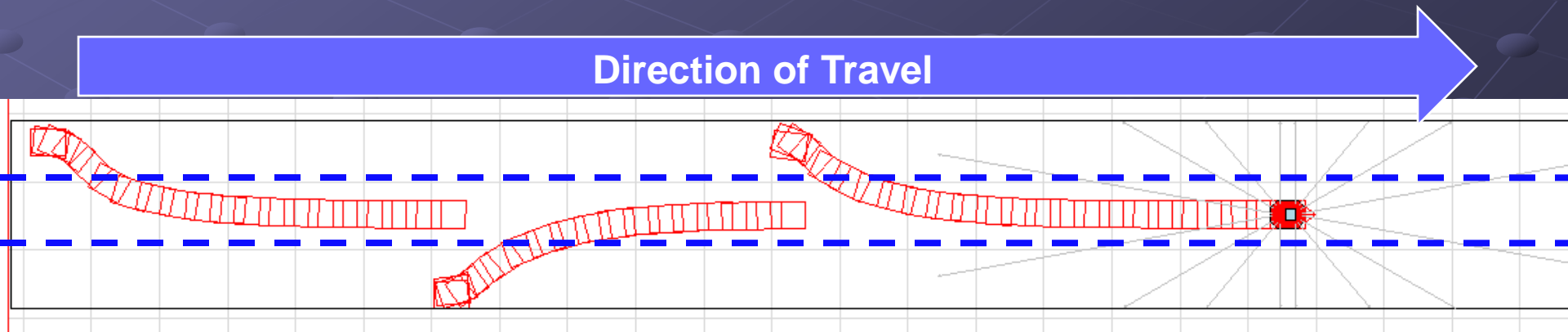


Software Flowchart



Wall Following

- Save Distance from Each Wall
- 'Center of Hall' Threshold
- Proportional Turning Rate
- Rate Limit Turning Rate



Obstacle Detection & Avoidance

● Obstacle Approaching

- $80\text{cm} < \text{obstacle distance} < 120\text{cm}$
- Rotate to open pathway
- Rotation speed dependent which sensor locates obstacle



Obstacle Detection & Avoidance

● Obstacle Detected

- Obstacle distance $< 80\text{cm}$
- Slow down
- Rotate towards open pathway

● Backup

- Obstacle distance $< 80\text{cm}$
- Backup if clear
- Rotates if not

Path Planning & Localization

- Barcode Provides Location Only
- Two Barcodes Determines Direction
- Adjust Direction if Necessary
- Nodal Connectivity Paired with Barcodes

Wall Following Demo



Path Planning & Localization Demo



Future Work

- Utilizing the Elevator
- 1st and 3rd Floor Navigation
- Program GUI including Tour Information
- Bump Sensors, Keypad, Monitor, and Speakers Integration
- Docking Station
- Fix ADC – USB Close

Florida Conference on Recent Advances in Robotics

- Florida Atlantic University
- May 21st & 22nd
- Publication

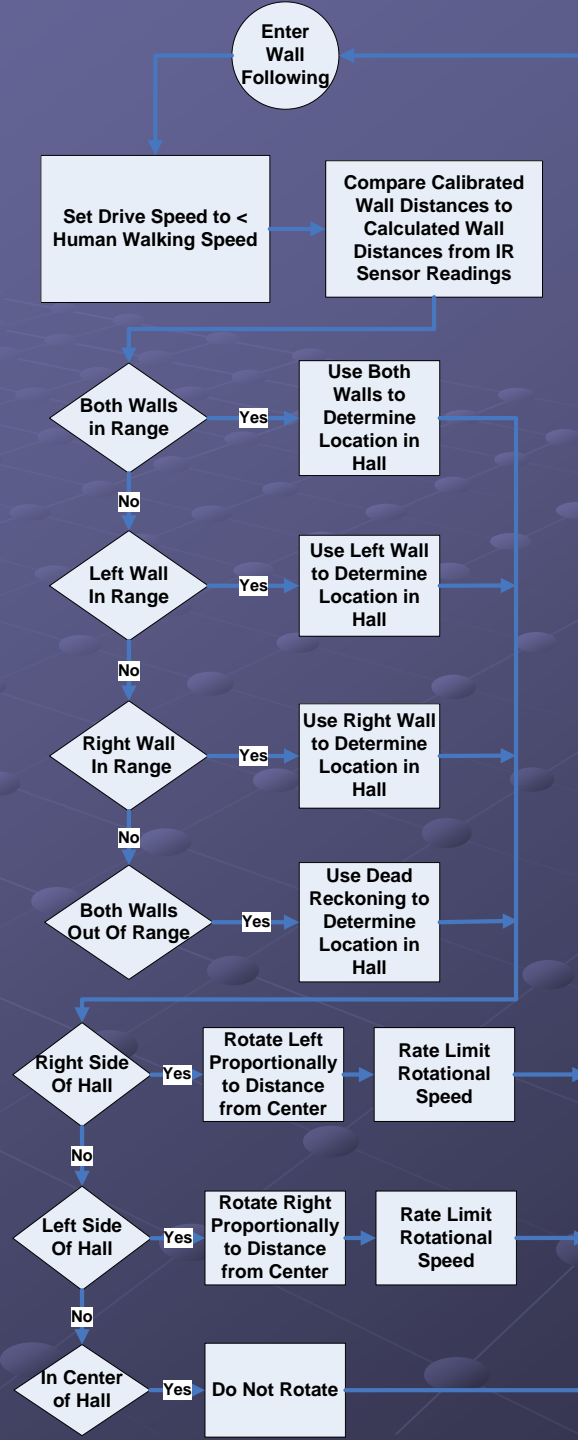
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FCRAR 2009

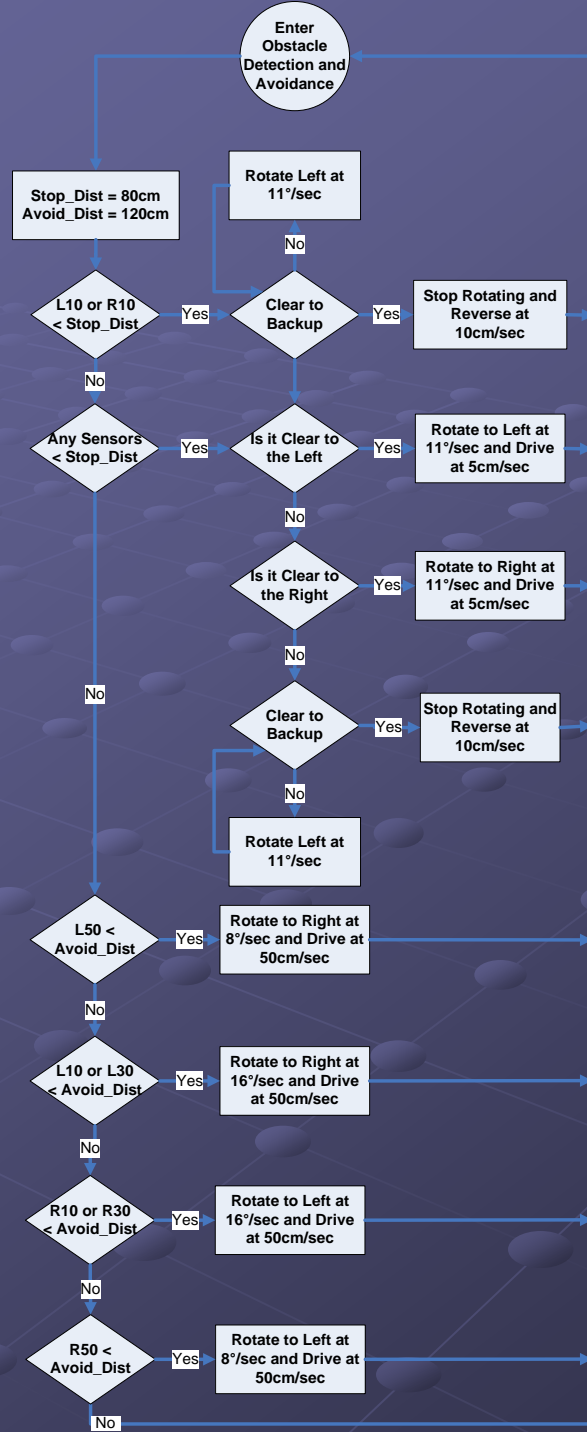


Acknowledgments and Questions

- Dr. Joel Schipper
- Mr. Chris Mattus
- Mr. Nick Schmidt
- Mr. Steve Gutschlag
- Dr. James Irwin, Jr.
- Dr. Aleksander Malinowski
- Dr. Gary Dempsey





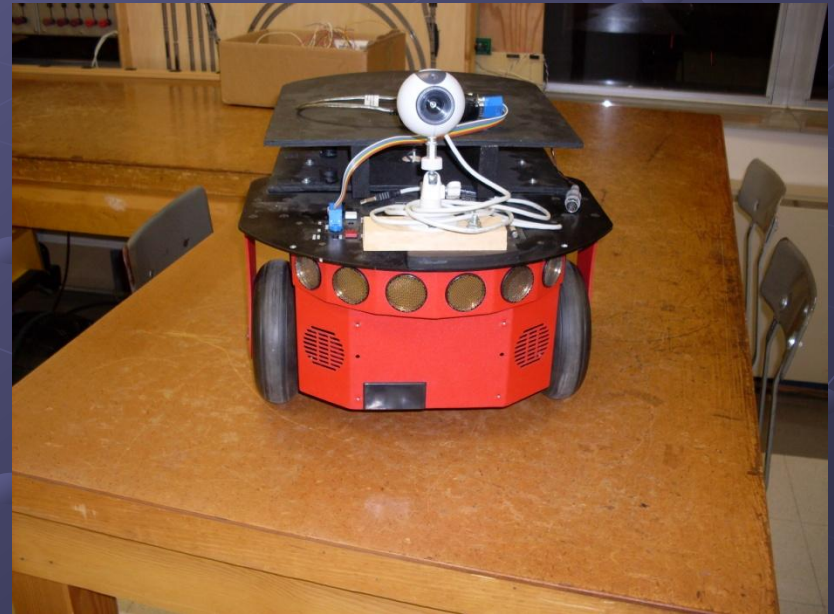


Parts List

Component	Vendor	Part Number	Quantity	Ordering Cost
Touchscreen	3M	11-81375-225	1	
Speakers	Cyber Acoustics	CA-2908	1	\$ 40.00
IR Sensors	Sharp	GP2Y0A700K	8	\$ 100.00
Barcode Reader	Wasp	WLS8400ER	1	\$ 600.00
Rear Sonar Sensors	ActivMedia	ACAX032	1	\$ 470.00
Compass	ActivMedia	ACT012	1	\$ 1,395.00
DC-DC Converter	Recom	RP30-1212SF	1	\$ 110.00
Bumper	ActivMedia	ACAX013	1	\$ 945.00
ADC to USB with Terminal Board	Pico Technology	PP241	1	\$ 189.00
Voltage Regulator	National Semiconductor	LM317T	1	\$ 1.86
Pioneer	ActivMedia	P3X0001	1	
Grand Total				\$ 3,850.86

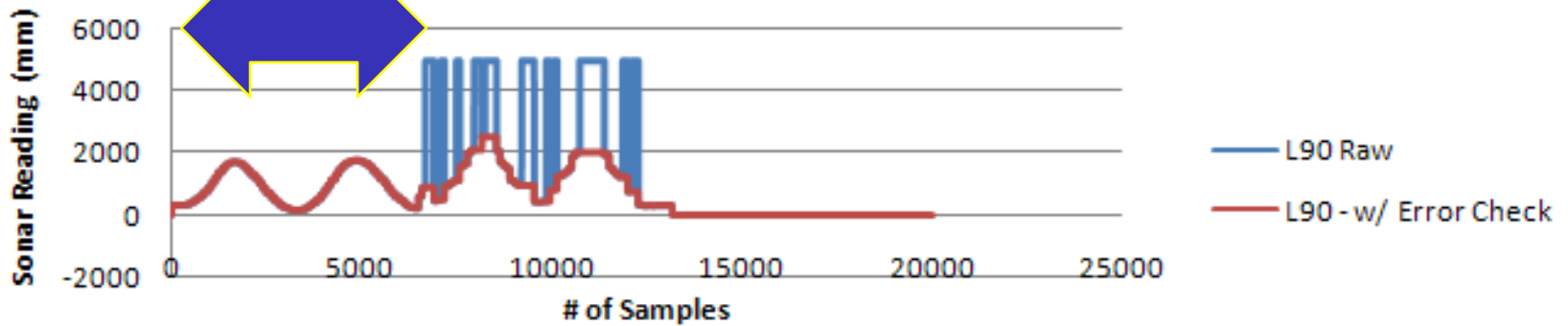
Sonar Sensor Failure

- Firing Order & Firing Rate
- Gain Potentiometer
- Simple Software Fix
- Complex Algorithm

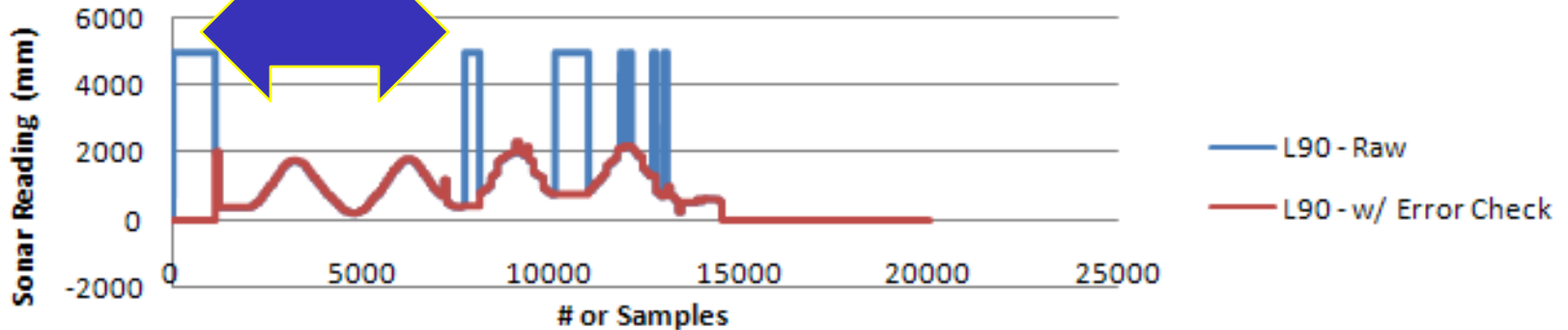


Sonar Sensor Fix Data

Left 90 Degree Sonar Sensor Data - Gain Pot Full Counter-Clockwise

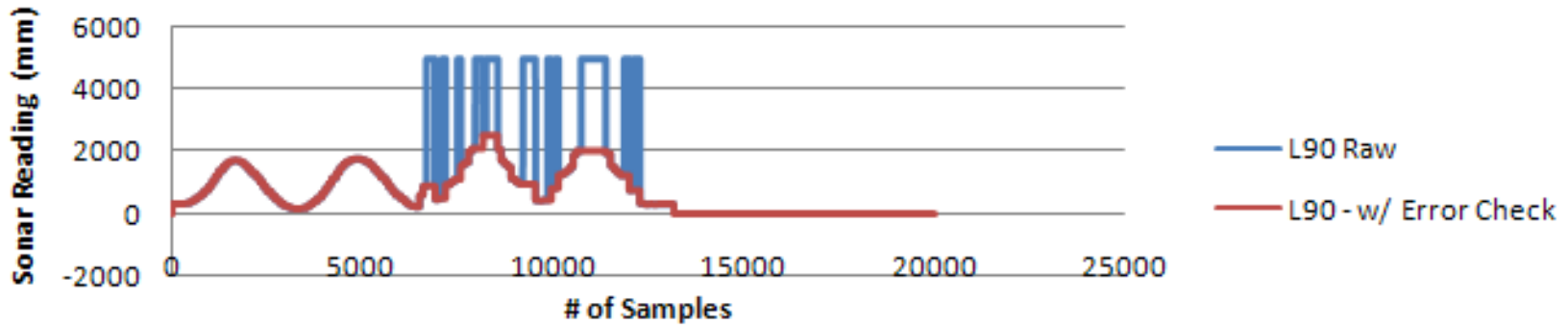


Left 90 Degree Sonar Sensor Data - Gain Pot Full Clockwise

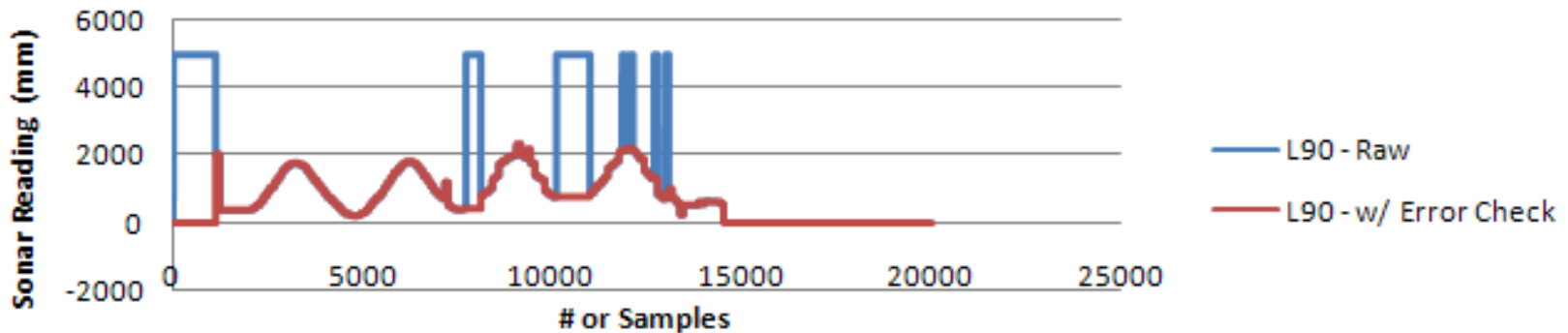


Sonar Sensor Fix Data

Left 90 Degree Sonar Sensor Data - Gain Pot Full Counter-Clockwise



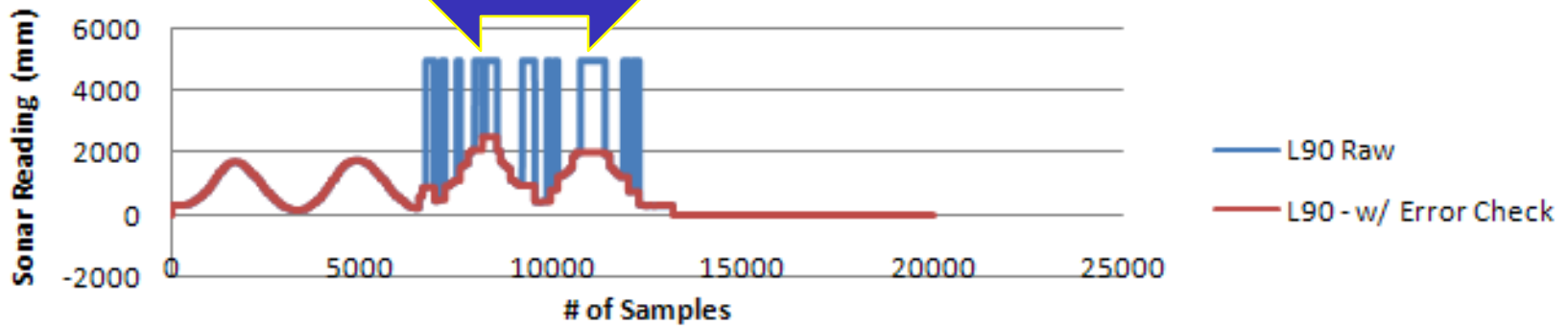
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Sonar Sensor Fix Data

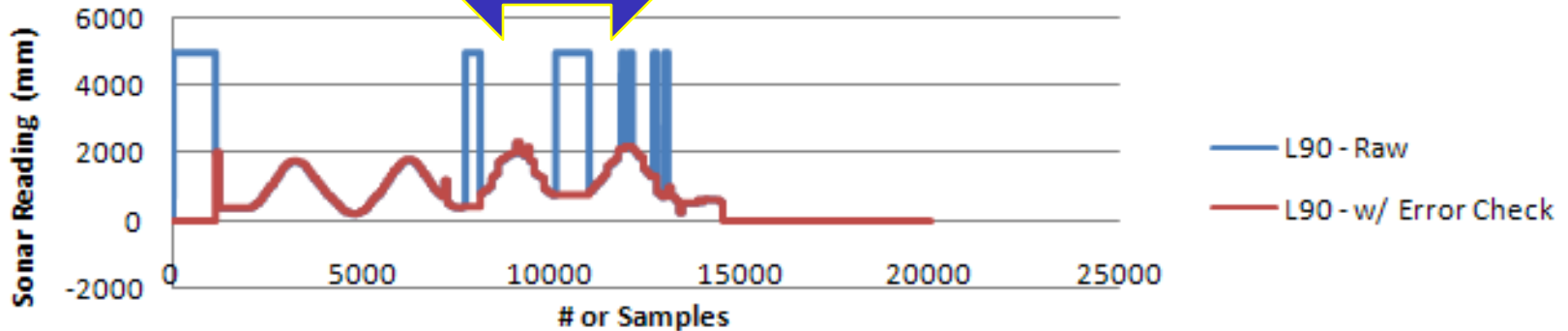
Left 90 Degree Sonar Sensor Data - Gain Pot Full

Counter-Clockwise



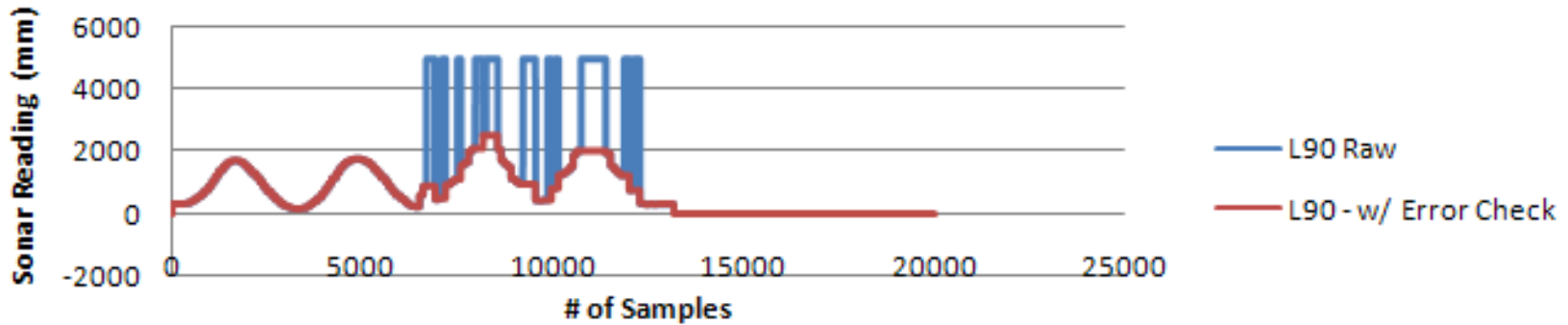
Left 90 Degree Sonar Sensor Data - Gain Pot Full

Clockwise

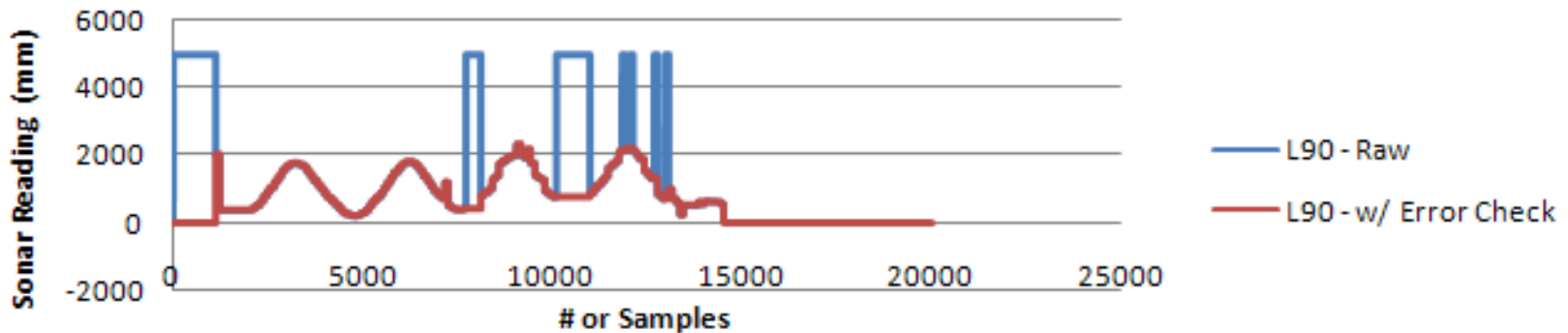


Sonar Sensor Fix Data

Left 90 Degree Sonar Sensor Data - Gain Pot Full Counter-Clockwise



Left 90 Degree Sonar Sensor Data - Gain Pot Full Clockwise



Current Work

- Barcode Scanner – Hands-Free Operation
- Monitor Overvoltage Protection
- IR Sensor Functionality
- Obstacle Detection / Avoidance Algorithm

Future Work

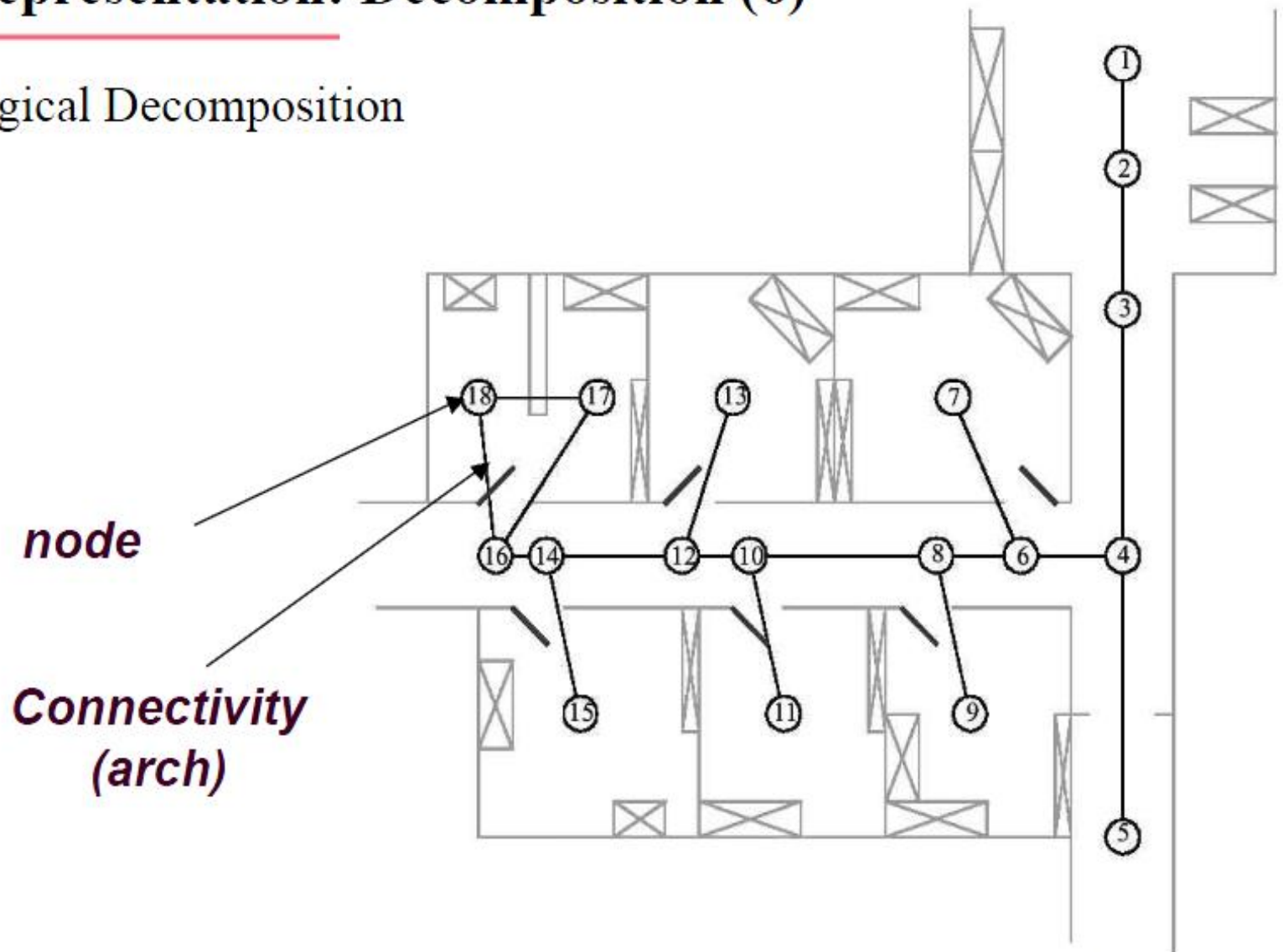
- Mounting Components
- Bump Sensors
- Navigation / Localization Algorithm
- Video Recording
- GUI
- Video Playback

ID	Task Name	Feb 2009				Mar 2009					Apr 2009					
		2/1	2/8	2/15	2/22	3/1	3/8	3/15	3/22	3/29	4/5	4/12	4/19	4/26	5/3	
1	Sonar Sensor Software Fix (Joe)	[Pink bar]														
2	Bump Sensor Software Interface (Joe)		[Pink bar]													
3	Wall Follow Algorithm Test – Simulation (Joe)			[Pink bar]												
4	Voltage Regulator Hardware Interface - IR (Joe)			[Pink bar]												
5	IR Hardware Interface (Joe)				[Pink bar]											
6	Wall Follow Algorithm Test – Experimental (Joe)				[Pink bar]											
7	Obstacle Detection / Avoidance Algorithm Test - Simulation (Joe)					[Pink bar]										
8	Obstacle Detection / Avoidance Algorithm Test – Experimental (Joe)						[Pink bar]									
9	Filming / Audio Prep (Joe & Nir)									[Pink bar]						
10	Final Run (Joe & Nir)													[Pink bar]		
11	Navigation / Localization Algorithm Test - Experimental (Nir)							[Pink bar]								
12	Barcode Read Test (Nir)							[Pink bar]								
13	Barcode Software Interface (Nir)							[Pink bar]								
14	ADC-USB Software Interface (Nir)				[Pink bar]											
15	Monitor GUI Software Interface (Nir)		[Pink bar]													
16	Monitor Software Interface (Nir)	[Pink bar]														

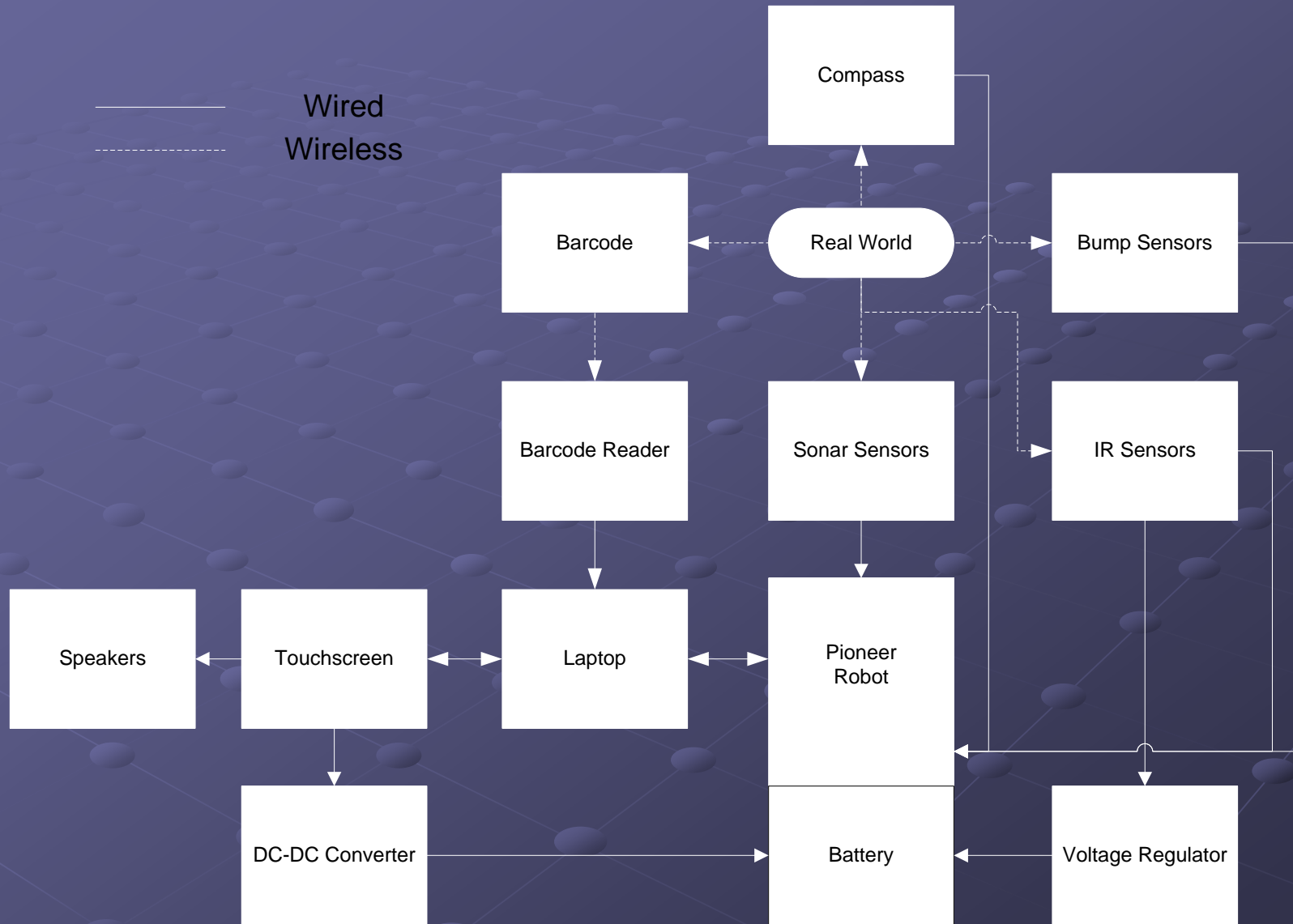
End of Presentation: Supplemental Slides Follow

Map Representation: Decomposition (6)

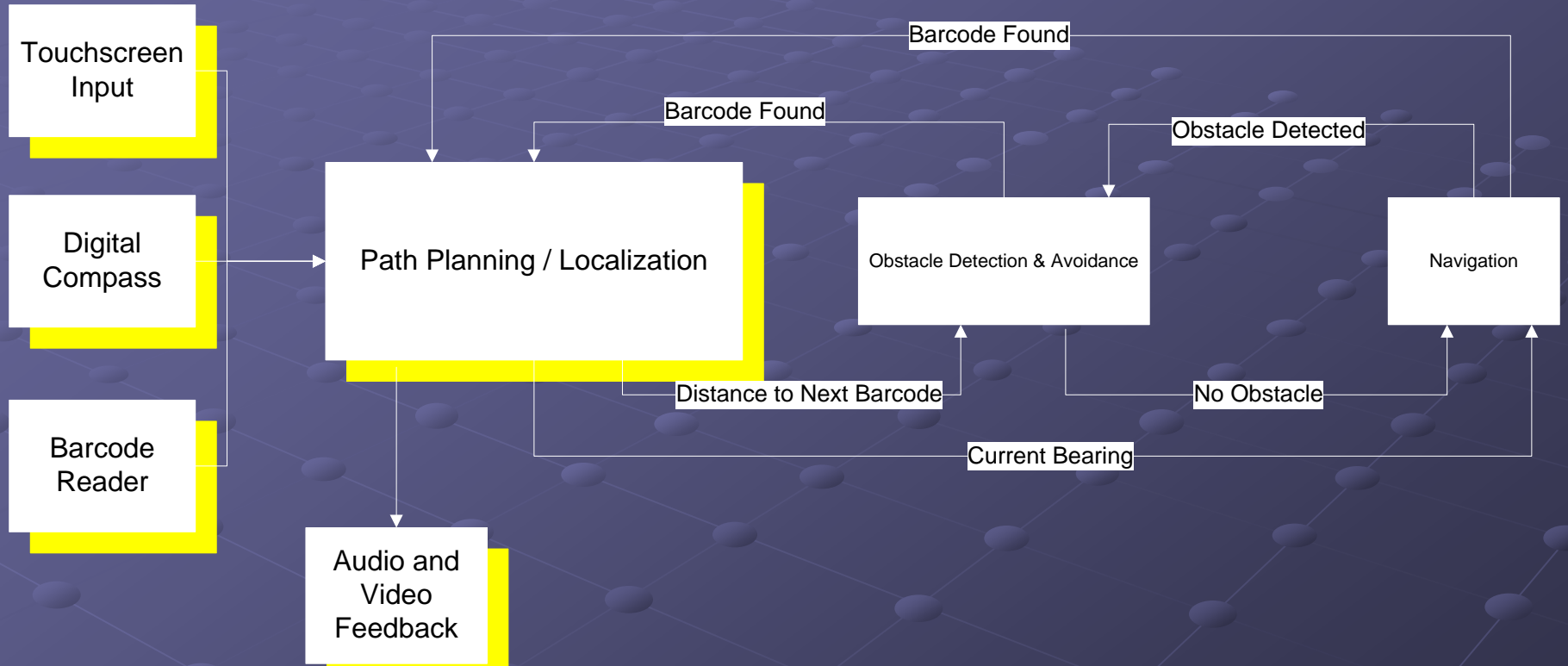
- Topological Decomposition



System Block Diagram

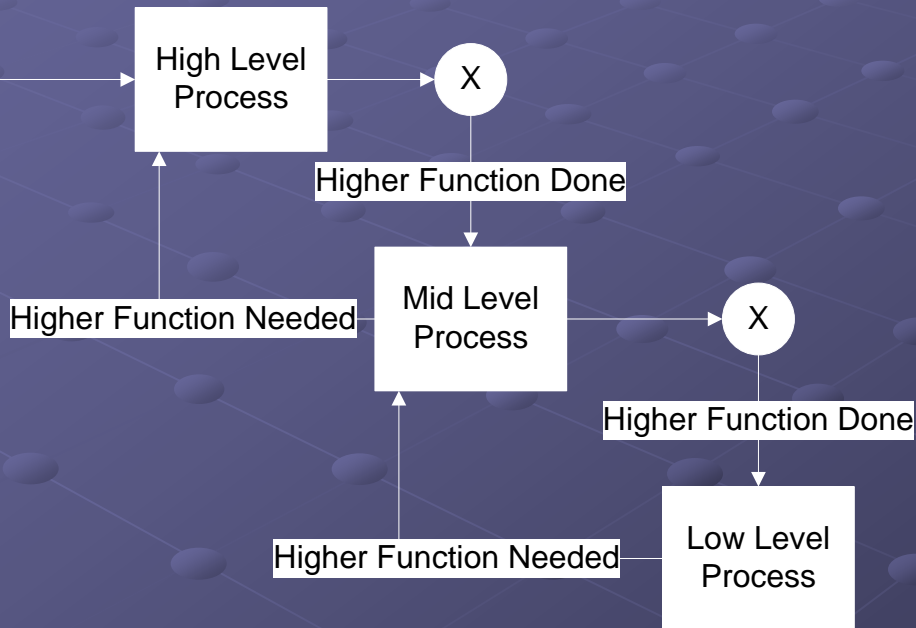


Software Flowchart

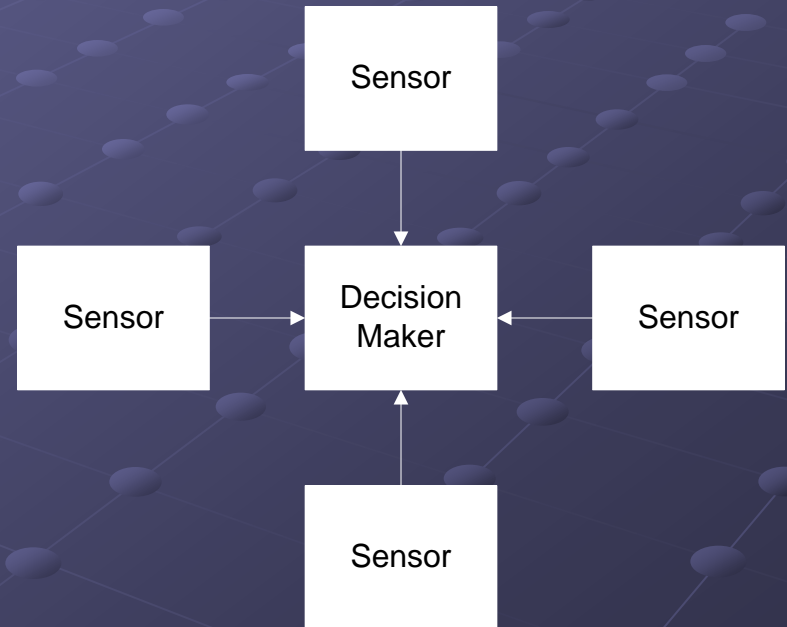


Subsumption vs. Blackboard Architecture

● Subsumption



● Blackboard



High Level Goals

- Successfully navigate the ECE Department
- Identify key points throughout a tour
- Provide accurate information to the user
- Provide a means for user input

Full Requirements (1)

- Must reach intended goal within a 4' radius
- Avoid all obstacles, moving or stationary
- Must detect when battery is at 10% of max charge
- Additional range sensors added to the Pioneer 3 must have a minimum range from 6" to 10'

Full Requirements (2)

- Additional range sensors added to the Pioneer 3 must have a measurement accuracy of 5"
- Must allow user to select one of 28 locations or one of 3 complete floor tours
- Additional compass sensor added to the Pioneer 3 must provide an accurate magnetic bearing within 10°
- Must have a complete software loop faster than 180 ms

Full Requirements (3)

- Must have a complete software loop faster than 180 ms
- Must maintain an average speed of 31.5 in/sec during transit